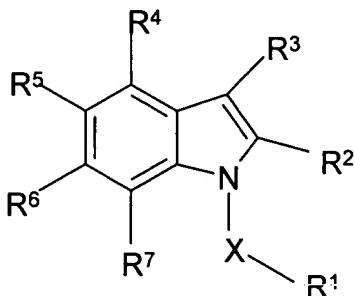


In the claims:

1. (currently amended) The use A method for treating inflammatory disease mediated by monocyte chemoattractant protein-1 and/or RANTES-induced chemotaxis, said method comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a compound of formula (I)



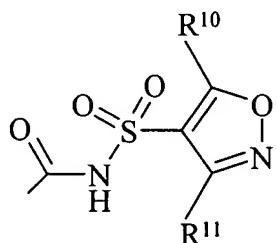
(I)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, amide or ester thereof; wherein

X is CH_2 or SO_2 ;

R^1 is an optionally substituted aryl or heteroaryl ring;

R^2 is carboxy, cyano, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$, $-\text{CONHR}^8$, $-\text{SO}_2\text{NHR}^9$, tetrazol-5-yl, SO_3H , or a group of formula (VI)



(VI)

where R^8 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, cyano, hydroxy, $-\text{SO}_2\text{R}^{12}$ where R^{12} is alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, or haloalkyl, or R^8 is a group- $(\text{CHR}^{13})_r\text{COOH}$ where r is an integer of 1-3 and each R^{13} group is independently selected from hydrogen or alkyl; R^9 is hydrogen, alkyl, or optionally substituted aryl such as optionally substituted phenyl or optionally substituted heteroaryl such as 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl groups, or a group

COR^{14} where R^{14} is alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or haloalkyl; and R^{10} and R^{11} are independently selected from hydrogen or alkyl, particularly C_{1-4} alkyl;

R^3 is a group OR^{15} , $\text{S(O)}_q\text{R}^{15}$, NHCOR^{16} , $\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}^{16}$, $(\text{CH}_2)_s\text{COOH}$, $(\text{CH}_2)_t\text{CONR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$, $\text{NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$, $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$ or optionally substituted alkenyl, where q is 0, 1 or 2, s is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 4, t is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 4, R^{15} is a substituted alkyl or cycloalkyl group ~~or an optionally substituted heteroaryl group~~, R^{16} is optionally substituted alkyl ~~or~~ R^{17} and R^{18} are independently selected from hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, ~~and~~ optionally substituted aryl ~~and~~ ~~optionally substituted heteroaryl~~, with the proviso that at least one of R^{17} or R^{18} is other than hydrogen, ~~or~~ R^{16} and R^{17} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form an ~~optionally substituted heterocyclic ring which~~ ~~optionally contains further heteroatoms~~; and

$\text{R}^4[[,]]$ is R^5 , R^6 and R^7 are independently selected from hydrogen, a functional group hydroxyl, halo, alkoxy, aryloxy, or an optionally substituted hydrocarbyl groups group, ~~or~~ optionally substituted heterocyclic groups, provided that R^4 is other than a group, ~~OR¹⁸~~, $\text{S(O)}_m\text{R}^{18}$, $\text{NR}^{19}\text{R}^{20}$, $\text{C(O)}\text{NR}^{19}\text{R}^{20}$, NHCOR^{18} , $\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}^{18}$ ~~or~~ $\text{OCONR}^{19}\text{R}^{20}$ ~~or~~ an alkyl group substituted substituted by OR^{18} , $\text{S(O)}_m\text{R}^{18}$, ~~or~~ $\text{NR}^{19}\text{R}^{20}$, where R^{18} , R^{19} and R^{20} are independently selected from hydrogen or optionally substituted hydrocarbyl, or R^{19} and R^{20} together with the atom to which they are attached, form an optionally substituted heterocyclyl ring as defined above which optionally contains further heteroatoms ~~such as~~ S(O)_n , oxygen and nitrogen, and m is 0 or an integer of 1-3 from 1 to 3 and R^{18} is a substituted hydrogen containing alkyl group; and

R^5 , R^6 , and R^7 are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, alkoxy, or an optionally substituted hydrocarbyl group.

for use in the preparation of a medicament for the inhibition of monocyte chemoattractant protein-1 and/or RANTES induced chemotaxis.

2. (Cancelled)

3. (currently amended) A method The use according to any one of the preceding claims claim 1, wherein Particular groups R³ is include OR¹⁵, S(O)_qR¹⁵, NHCOR¹⁶, NHSO₂R¹⁶, or SO₂NR¹⁷R¹⁸, where q, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ are as defined in claim 1.

4. (currently amended) The use A method according to any one of the preceding claims claim 1, wherein R³ is a group of formula -O(CH₂)_a [(CHOH)(CH₂)_b]_d CH₂OH, where a is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 4, b is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3, and d is 0[[],] or 1.

5. (currently amended) The use A method according to any one of the preceding claims claim 1, wherein R¹ is 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 3-fluoro-4-chlorophenyl, or 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl or 2,3-dichloropyrid-5-yl.

6. (currently amended) The use A method according to any one of the preceding claims claim 1, wherein where X is CH₂.

7. (Cancelled)

8. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical compositions composition comprising a compound of formula (IA) as defined in claim 7 (I) as defined in claim 1 subject to the following provisos:

(i) when R² is carboxy or a salt or amide thereof, at least three of R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, and R⁷ are hydrogen, and R³ is S(O)_qR¹⁵, then R¹⁵ is other than C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted by carboxy or an ester or amide derivative thereof;

(ii) when R³ is a group NHCOR¹⁶, then R¹⁶ is optionally substituted alkyl; and

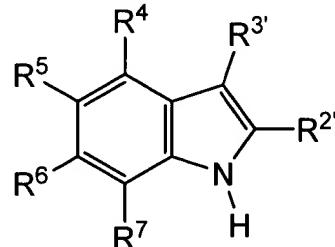
(iii) when R³ is a group SR¹⁵, where R¹⁵ is 2-quinolylmethyl, R² is COOH or an ethyl ester thereof, each of R⁴, R⁵, and R⁷ are hydrogen, and R¹ is 4-chlorophenyl, then R⁶ is other than 2-quinolylmethyl;

in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

9. (currently amended) A compound of formula (IB) which is a compound of formula (I[[A]]) as defined in claim [[7]]1, subject to the following further provisos:

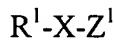
- (i) when R^2 is carboxy or a salt or amide thereof, at least three of R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , and R^7 are hydrogen, and R^3 is $S(O)_qR^{15}$, then R^{15} is other than C_{1-4} alkyl substituted by carboxy or an ester or amide derivative thereof;
- (ii) when R^3 is a group $NHCOR^{16}$, then R^{16} is optionally substituted alkyl; and
- (iii) when R^3 is a group SR^{15} , where R^{15} is 2-quinolylmethyl, R^2 is COOH or an ethyl ester thereof, each of R^4 , R^5 , and R^7 are hydrogen, and R^1 is 4-chlorophenyl, then R^6 is other than 2-quinolylmethyl;
- (iv) where R^3 is a group COOH or CH_2COOH , R^2 is COOH and each of R^4 , R^5 , R^6 and R^7 are hydrogen, then R^1 is other than unsubstituted unsubstituted phenyl; [[and]]
- (v) where R^3 is a group CH_2COOH , R^2 is COOH and each of R^4 , R^5 , and R^7 are hydrogen, R^1 is 4-chlorophenyl, then R^6 is other than methoxy; [[and]]
- (vi) when R^3 is OR^{15} or $S(O)_qR^{15}$, then R^{15} is other than C_{1-6} haloalkyl[[.]]; and
- (vii) when R^2 is $COOCH_2CH_3$, each of R^4 , R^5 , R^6 and R^7 are hydrogen, and R^1 is 4-chlorophenyl, then R^3 is other than a group $CH=CH(CN)_2$.

10. (currently amended) A method of preparing a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1, which method comprises reacting a compound of formula (VII)



(VII)

where R^4 , R^5 , R^6 and R^7 are as defined in relation to formula (I) claim 1, R^2' is a group R^2 as defined in relation to formula (I) claim 1 or a protected form thereof, and $R^{3'}$ is a group R^3 as defined in relation to formula (I) claim 1 or a precursor group which can be converted to a group R^3 thereof; with a compound of formula (VIII)



(VIII)

where R^1 and X are as defined in ~~relation to formula (I) claim 1~~ and Z^1 is a leaving group; and thereafter ~~if desired or necessary~~ optionally carrying out one or more of the following steps:

- (i) changing a ~~precursor~~ group R^3' which is other than a group R^3 to a group R^3 or where R^3' is a group R^3 , changing this to a group R^3 to a different such group;
- (ii) removing any protecting group from R^2' .